Steps to Literacy

		•	•	Expanding Literacy
- 0			Emergent Literacy	Provide access to the general
First Step Literacy Skills Checklist	 Building a Foundation Child demonstrates some of the following skills: Demonstrates little or no interest in people around him/her Uses behavior as communication Seems reluctant to engage in the environment Engages in self-stimulating behavior for a significant part of the day Demonstrates behaviors that are difficult to interpret Demonstrates passive behavior Disengages when invited to participate in a learning activity Has little or no experience with rhythm activities Has little or no experience with literacy learning activities STRATEGIES - READING Develop a trusting relationship with the child. Embed opportunities for 	 Early Emergent Literacy Child demonstrates some of the following skills: Attends to a communication partner Participates in turn-taking activities Attends to objects and/or pictures in a familiar routine or activity Is beginning to use consistent objects/symbols/signs for communication Child is beginning to understand that people and objects have names/labels/signs Enjoys and/or participates in music and rhythm activities Shows interest in books, stories and/or others engaged in literacy activities Handles, mouths or explores books (even in non-traditional ways) Attends to pictures (or objects) in traditional or adapted books Shows interest in writing materials STRATEGIES - READING Model reading and writing behaviors. Embed the use of objects, symbols or words throughout the child's day. Incorporate rhythm, music, finger plays and mime games. Provide opportunities for handling and exploring reading and writing materials. Teach print and book awareness. Teach name, name sign and/or personal identifier of child and those the child interacts with on a regular basis. Embed literacy learning activities into routines. 	 Emergent Literacy Child demonstrates some of the following skills: Holds, carries and/or turns pages of a book Lets someone know he/she wants to look at a book/be read to Searches for favorite pictures/objects "Reads" to self Participates in story reading using child's preferred communication method(s) Begins to prefer certain stories Shows interest in print, Braille and/or tactile representations Notices and/or protests when adult leaves or changes part of the story Repeats familiar parts of stories using his/her preferred communication method(s) Scribbles, stamps, finger -paints, places stickers or uses alternative pencils Points to and/or names (or signs) objects Understands that text/pictures convey meaning Makes the connection between signed or spoken language and print, Braille or tactile representations Recognizes and begins to read familiar words STRATEGIES - READING Expand awareness of books, print and writing. Establish reading and writing procedures that follow a prescribed sequence. Connect real-life experiences to literacy activities. Treach concepts using child's preferred communication method(s). Provide multiple opportunities to interact with text through shared storybook reading. Teach children to write personal information. 	
	 <u>communication throughout the</u> <u>day</u>. <u>Design learning experiences</u> <u>that are meaningful to the</u> <u>child.</u> 		 <u>Teach writing skills for organization, record keeping and finances.</u> <u>Teach children to communicate their thoughts and feelings through writing</u>. <u>Teach children to use written language for self-expression, recreation, and leisure.</u> <u>Use writing to expand a child's vocabulary.</u> <u>Incorporate writing into activities used to check reading comprehension.</u> 	
		STRATEGIES IMPORTANT FOR ALL LITERACY LEVELS		
	STRATEGIES-WRITING Teach children to use written language for self-expression, recreation, and leisure. 	 STRATEGIES - COMPREHENSION Conduct a symbol assessment to ensure symbols in literacy materials are understood by and accessible to student. Design the environment and develop or adapt literacy materials, including related communication symbols, based on child's needs, skills, and learning objectives. Implement comprehension strategies before reading, during reading, and after reading Align to the general education curriculum using adapted reading materials. 	 STRATEGIES - VOCABULARY Teach vocabulary using the representation mode(s) most familiar to the child (e.g. objects, pictures, tactile symbols, print, braille). Introduce vocabulary in a meaningful context. Teach new vocabulary within a variety of activities. Teach vocabulary by matching objects to words. Use pairing and fading to move children along a hierarchy toward recognizing words in print and braille. Take time to teach vocabulary in preparation for an activity (pre-teach) and review vocabulary following the activity. 	 STRATEGIES – INCREASING FLUENCY Engage children in multiple re-readings of stories. Engage children in reading activities with peers. Engage children in presentation activities in the classroom and community.

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